**Guiding Questions**

1. The population of Athens was stated as “citizens 50,000, resident foreigners 25,000, slaves 100,000”. That huge discrepancy, or difference in size, is notable. What does that say about Athens and Greece as a society?

2. If slaves served in the army, what does that say about the Athenian army?

3. What does it mean to be the “property of the state or individuals”.

4. Only non-Greeks were slaves—it was considered immoral to enslave Greeks. Does that sound familiar to you? In what nation did something similar to that happen?

5. Re-read the quote by Pseudo-Xenophon. Please write down at least 2 of the most interesting things that you read in the quote that are *different* than American slavery.